

The Irish Farmers' Association

Annual Report and
Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended
31 March 2022

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

**ANNUAL REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

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THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

STATEMENT OF NATIONAL COUNCIL'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The constitution and rules of the Association require the National Council to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and the results of the Association for that period. In preparing those financial statements, it is necessary to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Association Financial Statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.
- The National Council is responsible for ensuring that the Association keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Association to be determined with reasonable accuracy and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE NATINAL COUNCIL OF
THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Opinion on the financial statements of The Irish Farmers' Association

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the consolidated assets, liabilities and financial position of the group as at 31 March 2022 and of the consolidated profit of the group for the financial year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework.

The financial statements we have audited comprise:

- the Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account;
- the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income;
- the Consolidated Balance Sheet;
- the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity;
- the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows; and
- the related notes 1 to 21, including a summary of significant accounting policies as set out in note 1.

The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the group financial statements is FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("the relevant financial reporting framework").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the "*Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements*" section of our report.

We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the councils' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the council with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF
THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Other information

The National Council are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The National Council are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are expected to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are expected to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of National Council

As explained more fully in the Statement of National Council's Responsibilities, the National Councils are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the National Council determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the National Council are responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the National Council either intend to liquidate the Association's entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on IAASA's website at: http://www.iaasa.ie/getmedia/b2389013-1cf6-458b-9b8f-a98202dc9c3a/Description_of_auditors_responsibilities_for_audit.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF
THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinion on other matters

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- In our opinion the accounting records of the group were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited.
- The financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.
- In our opinion the information given in the National Council's report is consistent with the financial statements and the National Councils' report has been prepared accordingly

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the group and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the National Councils' report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association's members, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the group and the Association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

For and on behalf of Deloitte Ireland LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm
Deloitte & Touche House
Earlsfort Terrace
Dublin 2

Date:

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

**CONSOLIDATED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

	<i>Notes</i>	2022	2021
		€	€
INCOME	<i>3</i>	15,717,873	15,726,958
EXPENDITURE	<i>4</i>	(15,189,562)	(14,183,071)
Exceptional items – Provision for restructuring costs	<i>5</i>	-	(428,628)
Profit on disposal of fixed and financial assets		118,798	154,885
Government subsidy income		-	274,250
Interest Receivable		528	327
OPERATING SURPLUS	<i>6</i>	647,637	1,544,721
Share of operating (deficit)/surplus in associate undertakings	<i>11</i>	(123,060)	424,582
Profit on financial assets through profit and loss	<i>10</i>	2,156,890	2,016,293
SURPLUS BEFORE TAXATION		2,681,467	3,985,596
Taxation charge	<i>8</i>	(808,853)	(846,228)
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		1,872,614	3,139,368

Results derive from continuing operations in the current and prior year.

The financial statements were approved by the National Council on and signed on its behalf by:

Tim Cullinan

(President)

Martin Stapleton

(National Treasurer/Returning Officer)

Damian McDonald

(Director General)

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

	<i>Notes</i>	2022 €	2021 €
Retained surplus for the year		1,872,614	3,139,368
Total surplus for the year		1,872,614	3,139,368

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	<i>Notes</i>	2022 €	2021 €
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	9	609,727	550,797
Financial investments	10	14,037,311	11,782,157
Other investments	11	3,034,368	3,159,333
		17,681,406	15,492,287
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	12	931,239	1,173,382
Cash at bank and in hand		3,786,299	3,170,897
		4,717,538	4,344,279
CREDITORS: (Amounts falling due within one year)	13	(3,835,407)	(3,742,999)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		882,131	601,280
Provision for Liabilities	14	(2,191,362)	(1,594,006)
NET ASSETS		16,372,175	14,499,561
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Accumulated surplus		16,372,175	14,499,561
		16,372,175	14,499,561

The financial statements were approved by the National Council on and signed on its behalf by:

Tim Cullinan

(President)

Martin Stapleton

(National Treasurer/Returning Officer)

Damian McDonald

(Director General)

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

	<i>Notes</i>	Accumulated surplus €
At 1 April 2020		11,360,193
Total Comprehensive Surplus for the year		<u>3,139,368</u>
At 31 March 2021		14,499,561
Total Comprehensive Surplus for the year		<u>1,872,614</u>
At 31 March 2022		<u>16,372,175</u>

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

	<i>Notes</i>	2022 €	2021 €
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<i>15</i>	660,821	256,812
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Interest received		528	51
Dividends and investment income received		150,823	101,195
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets		(222,284)	(201,711)
Payments to acquire investments		(1,510,606)	(2,279,449)
Receipts on disposal of investments		1,527,120	3,706,031
Receipts on disposal of fixed assets		9,000	1,500
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		<u>(45,419)</u>	<u>1,327,617</u>
INCREASE IN CASH		615,402	1,584,429
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		<u>3,170,897</u>	<u>1,586,468</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR		<u>3,786,299</u>	<u>3,170,897</u>

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the financial year and the preceding financial year.

General Information and Basis of Accounting

The objective of the Irish Farmers Association is to protect, foster and advance the interests of all farmers and to do all things necessary for, incidental or ancillary to the protection, fostering and advancement of the interests of such farmers or farming, and to have all the powers necessary or incidental or ancillary to the achievement of such objectives. The association's address is the Irish Farm Centre, Bluebell, Dublin 12.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The functional currency of The Irish Farmers Association is considered to be euro because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

Basis of Consolidation

The financial statements of the Association incorporate the financial statements of all core activities and entities controlled by the Association, as outlined in Note 18, together with those of all county executives. Transactions between the General Fund and the other entities have been eliminated in the Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account and the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The results of associates are included in the consolidation using the equity method.

Going concern

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis. The Association had net current assets of €882,131 (2021: €601,280) and the Association remained in a net asset position of €16,372,175 (2021: €14,499,561) at the balance sheet date.

The National Council, having considered existing budgets and the ability to generate cash from special reserve fund assets, have a reasonable expectation that the Association and the group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a *reducing balance* basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Office equipment	10% - 25%
Fixtures and fittings	10% - 20%
Motor vehicles	25%
Buildings	4%

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

(i) *Financial assets and liabilities*

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Non-current debt instruments which meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method:

- (a) Returns to the holder are (i) a fixed amount; or (ii) a fixed rate of return over the life of the instrument; or (iii) a variable return that, throughout the life of the instrument, is equal to a single referenced quoted or observable interest rate; or (iv) some combination of such fixed rate and variable rates, providing that both rates are positive.
- (b) There is no contractual provision that could, by its terms, result in the holder losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current period or prior periods.
- (c) Contractual provisions that permit the issuer to prepay a debt instrument or permit the holder to put it back to the issuer before maturity are not contingent on future events, other than to protect the holder against the credit deterioration of the issuer or a change in control of the issuer, or to protect the holder or issuer against changes in relevant taxation or law.
- (d) There are no conditional returns or repayment provisions except for the variable rate return described in (a) and prepayment provisions described in (c).

Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one year and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

Other debt instruments not meeting these conditions are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Commitments to make and receive loans which meet the conditions mentioned above are measured at cost (which may be nil) less impairment.

(i) *Financial assets and liabilities (continued)*

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the Group transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the Group, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(ii) *Investments*

Investments in non-puttable ordinary or preference shares (where shares are publicly traded or their fair value is reliably measurable) are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measured at cost less impairment.

(iii) *Fair value measurement*

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, the Association estimates the fair value by using a valuation technique.

Associates

In the Group financial statements investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method. Investments in associates are initially recognised at the transaction price (including transaction costs) and are subsequently adjusted to reflect the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. Goodwill arising on the acquisition of associates is accounted for in accordance with the policy set out above. Any unamortised balance of goodwill is included in the carrying value of the investment in associates.

The carrying value of the investment in associate undertakings represents investments in associate together with a share of the associates' (loss)/profit to date.

Impairment of assets

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation

Current tax, including Irish corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The current tax also comprises of capital gains tax based on the disposal of shares and deposit interest retention tax (DIRT) suffered on interest income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Group's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. When the amount that can be deducted for tax for an asset (other than goodwill) that is recognised in a business combination is less (more) than the value at which it is recognised, a deferred tax liability (asset) is recognised for the additional tax that will be paid (avoided) in respect of that difference. Similarly, a deferred tax asset (liability) is recognised for the additional tax that will be avoided (paid) because of a difference between the value at which a liability is recognised and the amount that will be assessed for tax. The amount attributed to goodwill is adjusted by the amount of deferred tax recognised.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for timing differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the timing difference and it is probable that it will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Deferred tax relating to property, plant and equipment measured using the revaluation model and investment property is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to sale of the asset.

The tax expense or income is presented in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense or income.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if: a) the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and b) the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income

- (i) Affiliation fees are accounted for in the financial year during which they are received.
- (ii) All other income is accounted for in the financial year in respect of which it is receivable.

Retirement benefits

The Association participates in a defined contribution scheme for certain employees which is funded by the payment of contributions to a separately administered fund. The assets of the funds are held separately from those of the Association. For the defined contribution schemes the cost of providing benefits is charged to operating profit as incurred.

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements that the directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Key source of estimation uncertainty

Voluntary Member expense

Due to the nature of the voluntary member expense accruals and the time lag noted around members claiming expenses that they have incurred but not yet claimed; management note that there is a greater degree of estimation uncertainty associated with these expenses. Management estimates the expense based on estimated amounts incurred and historical claim patterns.

Legal claims and costs

Legal claims and their associated costs by their nature are uncertain, where there is a potential expense this is accrued based on consultation with legal counsel and their best estimate of settlement of such claims.

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

3. INCOME

An analysis of the Group's income by class of business is set out below.

Turnover:	2022	2021
	€	€
Broadband and phone service sales	5,662,248	5,758,659
Membership Contributions	9,460,075	9,179,288
Trust fund contributions	330,000	330,000
Investment dividend income	108,329	46,804
Other income	157,221	412,207
	<u>15,717,873</u>	<u>15,726,958</u>

All group income was earned in the Republic of Ireland.

4. EXPENDITURE

An analysis of the Group's expenditure is set out below.

Expenditure:	2022	2021
	€	€
IFA Telecoms expenses (including staff costs)	5,491,612	5,605,052
Total staff costs	5,079,732	4,961,847
Voluntary costs	587,369	431,878
Premises	435,009	428,882
Communications	482,786	264,645
Research	2,785	18,054
Public relations	340,194	151,866
Professional fees	559,774	415,289
Affiliation fees	129,788	117,335
Financial charges	306,980	294,974
Foreign travel	10,733	(64)
Brussels office	477,327	442,760
Membership recruitment	390,433	226,760
Membership promotion	395,176	385,953
Other overheads	-	205,500
Other expenditure	499,864	232,340
	<u>15,189,562</u>	<u>14,183,071</u>

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

5. EXCEPTIONAL ITEM

	2022 €	2021 €
Charge for restructuring	-	428,628

During the previous year, the association provided the above amount to support a restructuring program to reduce staff costs.

6. SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/ (crediting):

	2022 €	2021 €
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	159,306	192,833
Interest received	528	327

The analysis of the auditors' remuneration is as follows:

Auditors' remuneration for work carried out for the group
In respect of the financial year is as follows:

	2022 €	2021 €
Irish Farmers Association	32,000	30,000
IFA Telecom	16,520	16,520
ISGA	1,265	1,265
Total Group	49,785	47,785

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

7. REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The salaries and payments paid to key management personnel analysed under the headings required by company law are set out below:

	2022	2021
	€	€
President (Cullinan)		
Gross Salary	54,591	90,430
Net amount charged	54,591	90,430

The Remuneration Committee agreed that the salary of the President should be €139,836. This amount is reduced by any directors' fees payable by outside bodies that came as a consequence of the IFA office.

Deputy President (Rushe)		
Gross Salary	16,280	20,373
Net amount charged	16,280	20,373

The Remuneration Committee agreed that the salary of the Deputy President should be €40,785. This amount would be reduced by any directors' fees payable by outside bodies that came as a consequence of the IFA office.

Director General

Salary	193,012	185,350
Employer pension contribution	28,952	27,802
	221,964	213,152

Executive Management

Salary	522,060	492,445
Employer pension contribution	94,806	114,653
Key Management compensation	616,866	607,098

In addition to the above remuneration, some of the prior year restructuring charge of €428,628, as set out in note 5 and totaling €275,000, were paid out during the current year.

National Council

Labour replacement paid in Financial year	108,020	45,000
Effect of accrual release	(10,760)	(39,705)
Net amount charged	97,260	5,295

The average remuneration for the top 15 staff after the executive management was:

Salary	86,345	86,840
Employer pension contribution	10,493	14,388
	96,838	101,228

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

8. TAX ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The tax credit comprises:	2022	2021
	€	€
Current tax on profit on ordinary activities		
Corporation tax	64,332	43,677
Debit movement in deferred tax liability (Note 14)	597,356	670,990
Other taxes incurred	147,165	131,561
Total tax charge on ordinary activities	808,853	846,228

The differences between the total tax charge shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of Irish corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows:

	2022	2021
	€	€
Profit on ordinary activities	2,681,427	3,985,596
Before tax 12.5 % (2021: 12.5%)		
Tax if charged at standard corporation rate	335,183	498,200
Expenses not taxable in determining taxable profit	13,230	235,693
Impact of other tax rates	460,440	112,335
Group tax charge for the period	808,853	846,228

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

9. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Office Equipment €	Fixtures and Fittings €	Motor Vehicles €	Buildings €	Total €
Cost:					
At 1/04/2021	338,981	882,466	201,640	219,206	1,642,293
Additions	163,276	15,008	44,000	-	222,284
Disposals	(97,844)	-	(40,437)	-	(138,281)
31/03/2022	404,413	897,474	205,203	219,206	1,726,296
Depreciation:					
At 1/04/2021	221,398	740,363	103,431	26,304	1,091,496
Charge	72,639	43,359	34,540	8,768	159,306
Disposals	(97,844)	-	(36,389)	-	(134,233)
31/03/2022	196,193	783,722	101,582	35,072	1,116,569
Net Book Amount: 31/03/2022	208,220	113,752	103,621	184,134	609,727
31/03/2021	117,583	142,103	98,209	192,902	550,797

10. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

	2022 €	2021 €
Quoted investments at market value	14,037,311	11,782,157
Opening balance	11,782,157	11,079,120
Net Additions/ (Disposals) during the financial year	98,264	(1,313,256)
Movement in the fair value of investments	2,156,890	2,016,293
Closing balance	14,037,311	11,782,157

Quoted investments represent shares held by the Group in publicly quoted companies or other publicly quoted investment funds. The cost of these investments was €6,746,905 (2021: €6,801,080).

Special Reserve Fund:

€10,957,893 (2021: €8,959,137) of the above balance relates specifically to the special reserve fund assets.

The Special Reserve Fund was established by the National Council in December 1985, to maintain a financial reserve for the organisation that could only be drawn down into the general fund under exceptional circumstances.

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

11. OTHER INVESTMENTS	2022	2021
	€	€
Unquoted Investments:		
Irish Farm Centre Limited (i)	2,976,682	3,099,741
Other Investments (ii)	57,686	59,592
	3,034,368	3,159,333

(i) Irish Farm Centre Limited

	Holding	Business	Registered Office
Irish Farm Centre Limited	48.76%	The principal activity of the company is office rental and related services	Irish Farm Centre Bluebell Dublin 12

During the year, the associate undertaking recorded an operating loss of €252,377 (2021: profit of €870,759) before a taxation charge of €0 (2021: €50,353). Included in the operating profit is an amount of €0 (2021: €699,459) in respect of a building revaluation. The associate undertaking had combined net assets of €6,104,762 at year end (2021: €6,357,140). The carrying value of the investment in associate undertakings represents investments in associate together with a share of the associates' profit/(loss) to date, being €2,976,682 (2020: €3,099,741).

(ii) Other Investments

Other unquoted investments are held at cost less impairment because their value cannot be reliably measured.

12. DEBTORS: (Amounts due within one year)	2022	2021
	€	€
Debtors	902,884	1,135,597
Accrued income and other receivables	28,355	37,785
	931,239	1,173,382

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

13. CREDITORS	2022	2021
	€	€
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade creditors	791,247	607,825
Pension/ staff and voluntary expense accruals	1,042,367	1,028,088
Provision for restructuring	-	275,000
Professional/ Legal and other accruals	318,593	273,593
Trade Accruals	1,520,077	1,404,598
PAYE/PRSI/VAT	163,123	153,895
	3,835,407	3,742,999
14. PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES		
Deferred tax is provided as follows:	2022	2021
	€	€
The deferred tax balance is analysed		
Deferred tax arising in relation to quoted investments	2,191,362	1,594,006
Provision for deferred tax		
Opening balance	1,594,006	923,016
Movement for the current financial year (Note 8)	597,356	670,990
Balance at end of year	2,191,362	1,594,006
15. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING SURPLUS TO NET CASHFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	2022	2021
	€	€
Operating surplus	647,637	1,544,721
Interest received	(528)	(326)
Dividends and investment income received	(150,823)	(101,195)
Profit on disposal of fixed and financial assets	(118,798)	(154,885)
Depreciation	159,306	192,833
Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	242,143	(281,938)
Decrease in creditors	(39,764)	(841,128)
Tax paid	(78,352)	(101,270)
Net cash flows from operating activities	660,821	256,812

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying values of the company's financial assets and liabilities are summarised by category below:

	2022	2021
	€	€
Financial assets		
<i>Measured at undiscounted amounts receivable</i>		
Trade and other debtors (note 12)	902,884	1,135,597
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Measured at fair value through profit or loss</i>		
Investments in listed equity instruments (note 10)	14,037,311	11,782,157
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Measured at cost less impairment</i>		
Other investments (note 11)	3,034,368	3,159,333
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Financial liabilities		
<i>Measured at undiscounted amounts payable</i>		
Trade and other creditors (note 13)	791,247	607,825
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The company's income, expense, gains and losses in respect of financial instruments are summarised below:

	2022	2021
	€	€
Financial assets		
On financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	2,156,890	2,016,293
Interest or other income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	528	326
	<hr/>	<hr/>

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

17. PENSIONS

The Association operates a defined contribution pension scheme covering certain employees. The net assets of the scheme are held in a separate trustee administered fund. The amount payable to the scheme for the year was €557,229 (2021: €635,295). The amount owed to the scheme at year end is €0 (2021: €48,471).

18. SUBSIDIARIES AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The Association holds investments in or has an interest in subsidiary and related undertakings as follows:

Fresh Milk Producers Association;
B.V.G. Trustee Company Limited;
Irish Salmon Growers Association Limited;
Potato Fund;
ICHA;
IFA Telecom Limited; and
Irish Farm Centre Limited

The Association has provided letters of support to certain subsidiaries indicating that it will provide financial assistance where necessary to ensure the going concern of that entity.

19. COMPARATIVE BALANCES

Where necessary, comparative balances have been reclassified on the basis of current year presentation

20. ULTIMATE CONTROL

The group is controlled by its members as a group. In the opinion of the National Council there is no ultimate controlling party or parent.

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(NOT COVERED BY THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT)

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	At 31 March 2022			At 31 March 2021				
		IFA 2022 €	IFA Telecom Limited 2022 €	Consolidation adjustment 2022 €	Total 2022 €	IFA 2021 €	IFA Telecom Limited 2021 €	Consolidation adjustment 2021	Total 2021 €
FIXED ASSETS									
Tangible assets		456,828	152,899	-	609,727	387,893	162,904	-	550,797
Special reserve fund assets		10,957,894	3,272,609	(193,192)	14,037,311	8,959,137	2,909,479	(86,459)	11,782,157
Financial investments		3,034,368	-	-	3,034,368	3,159,333	-	-	3,159,333
		14,449,090	3,425,508	(193,192)	17,681,406	12,506,363	3,072,383	(86,459)	15,492,287
CURRENT ASSETS									
Debtors		691,131	3,436,362	(3,196,254)	931,239	926,389	3,542,396	(3,295,403)	1,173,382
Cash at bank and in hand		2,515,292	1,327,957	(56,950)	3,786,299	2,258,555	1,071,181	(158,839)	3,170,897
		3,206,423	4,764,319	(3,253,204)	4,717,538	3,184,944	4,613,577	(3,454,242)	4,344,279
CREDITORS: (Amounts falling due within one year)		(6,397,693)	(884,111)	3,446,397	(3,835,407)	(6,403,083)	(880,618)	3,540,702	(3,742,999)
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS		(3,191,270)	3,880,208	193,193	882,131	(3,218,139)	3,732,959	86,460	601,280
Provision for Liabilities		(2,191,362)	-	-	(2,191,362)	(1,594,006)	-	-	(1,594,006)
NET ASSETS		9,066,458	7,305,716	1	16,372,175	7,684,218	6,805,342	1	14,499,561
CAPITAL AND RESERVES									
Accumulated surplus		9,066,458	7,305,716	1	16,372,175	7,694,218	6,805,352	-	14,499,561
		9,066,458	7,305,716	1	16,372,175	7,694,218	6,805,352	-	14,499,561

THE IRISH FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

BREAKDOWN OF RESULTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	IFA 2022 €	SRF 2022 €	Others 2022 €	IFAT 2022 €	IFC 2022 €	TOTAL 2022 €
<i>Notes</i>						
Operating Results	193,329	30,544	172,004	251,760	(123,060)	524,577
Tax	(150,345)	-	-	(61,152)	-	(211,497)
Operating (Deficit)/ Surplus	42,984	30,544	172,004	190,608	(123,060)	313,080
Movement in Investments	-	1,847,123	-	309,767	-	2,156,890
Deferred Tax	-	(522,748)	-	(74,608)	-	(597,356)
Net Result/Retained Funds	42,984	1,354,919	172,004	425,767	(123,060)	1,872,614